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# Addressing the Challenges of Infrastructure Development for Carbon Capture, Utilization, and Storage

Partners and Stakeholders Meeting  
September 28<sup>th</sup>, 2022  
Columbus, OH



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF  
**ENERGY**



NATIONAL  
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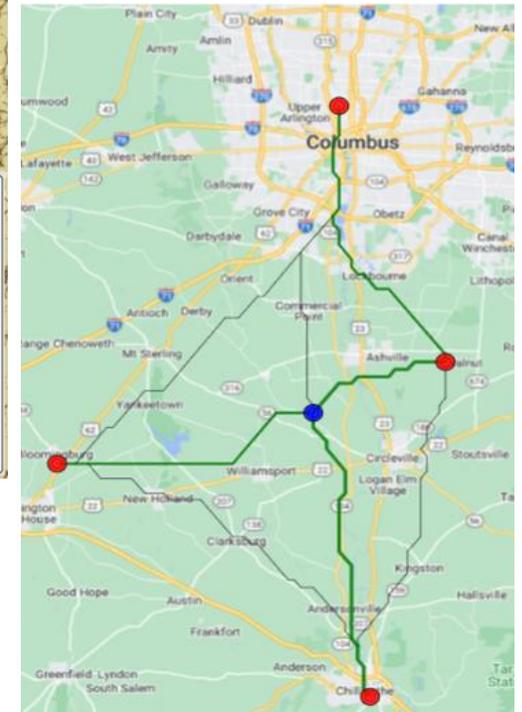
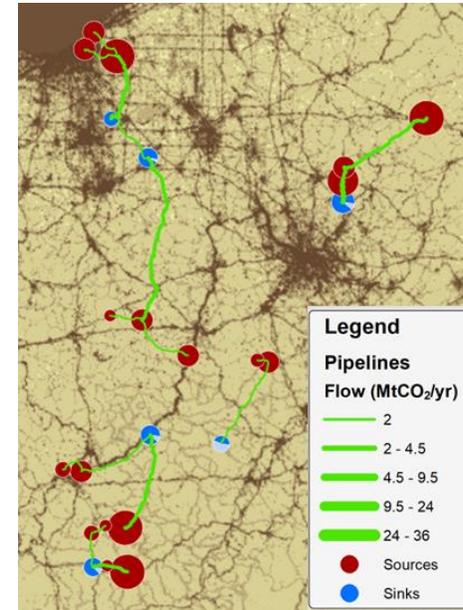


**ILLINOIS**

# Rethinking infrastructure for Carbon Capture, Utilization, and Storage (CCUS)

Researching the infrastructure of CCUS includes the policy, economics, and people that make CCUS work.

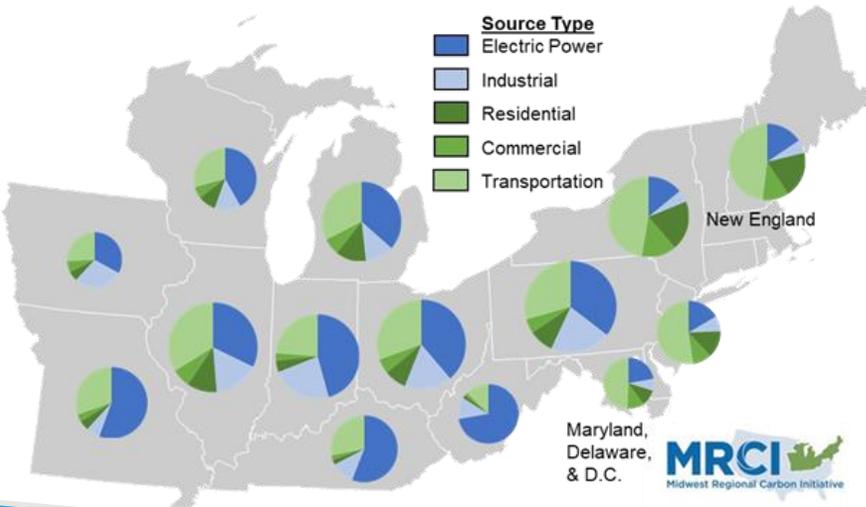
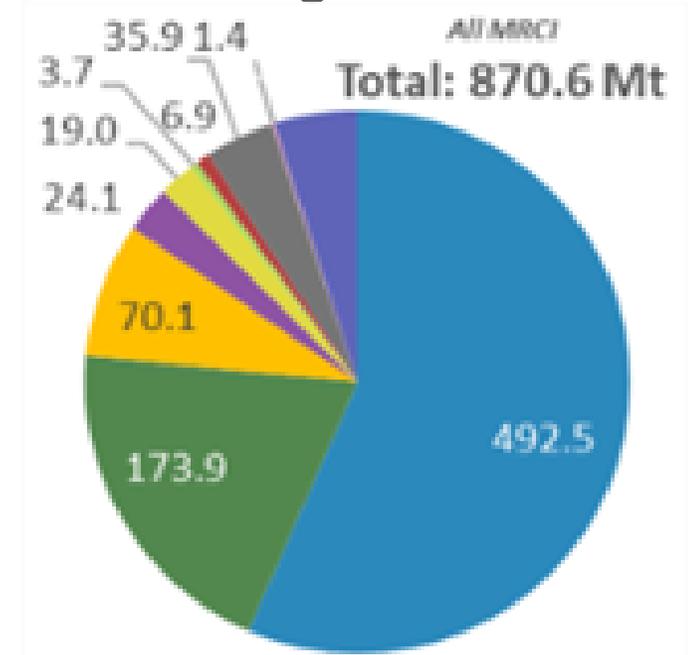
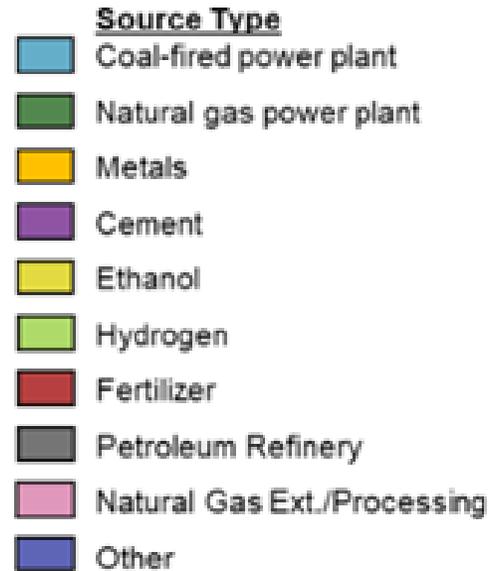
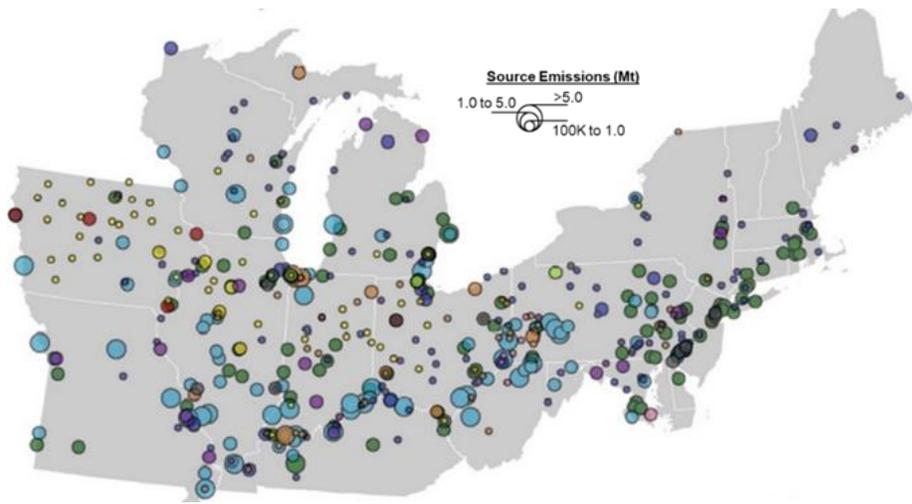
- 4.1-Conduct a screening level assessment of surface and subsurface infrastructure,
- 4.2-Assess **site readiness** to rank areas,
- 4.3-Conduct analysis of **social, economic, and workforce development** factors
- 4.4-Analyze current **regulatory, pore space issues**, gaps, policy, and tax incentives



**This presentation focuses on Subtask 4.1 and 4.3**

# Evaluating Regional Infrastructure Progress

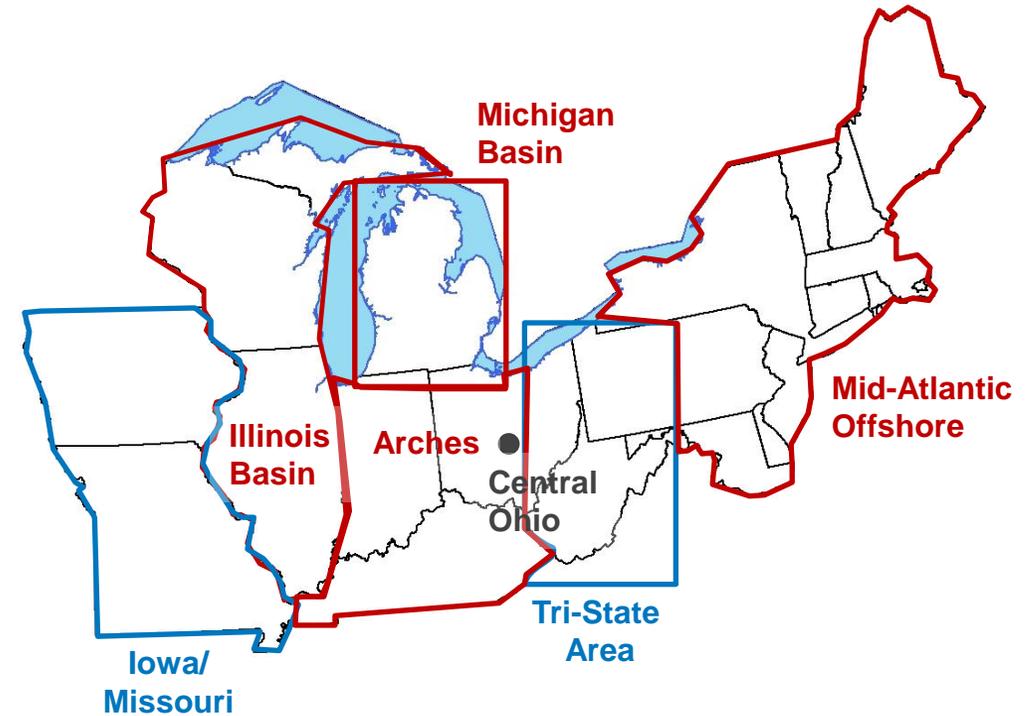
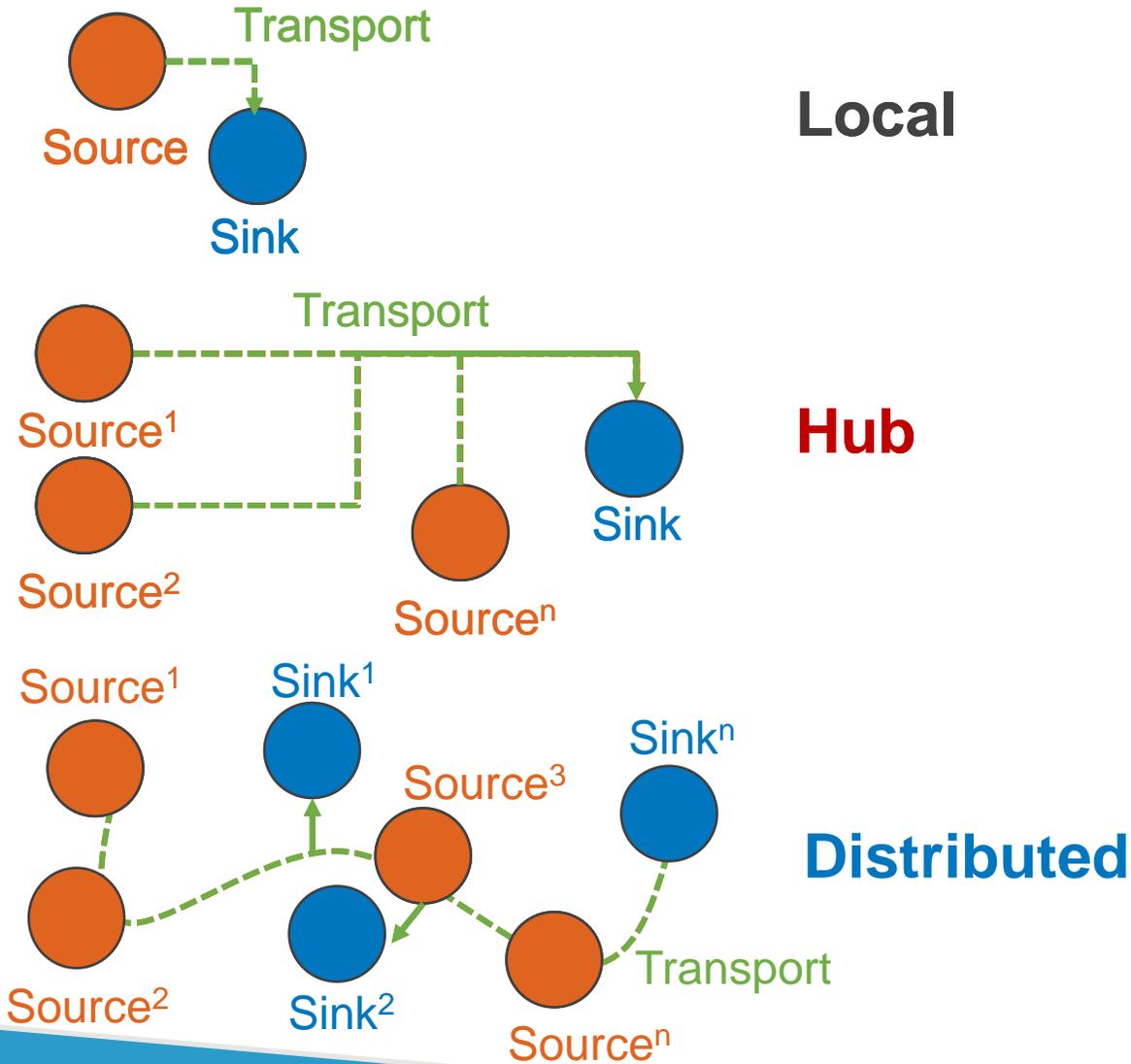
Sources of CO<sub>2</sub> and industry in the MRCI region are shifting



- Shift in sources of power
- New industry: hydrogen, bioenergy with CCS, and direct air capture
- State CO<sub>2</sub> emissions profiles

# Infrastructure development assessment

Investigate infrastructure development strategies onshore and offshore

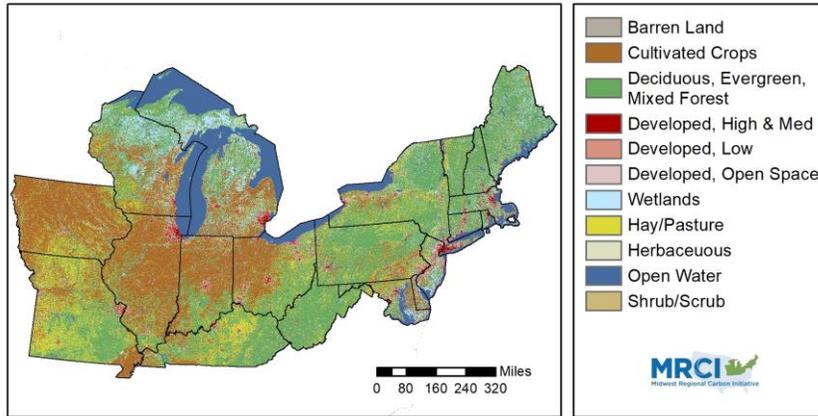


- Seven development scenarios planned
- Initial results from three scenarios
- High-level trends explored

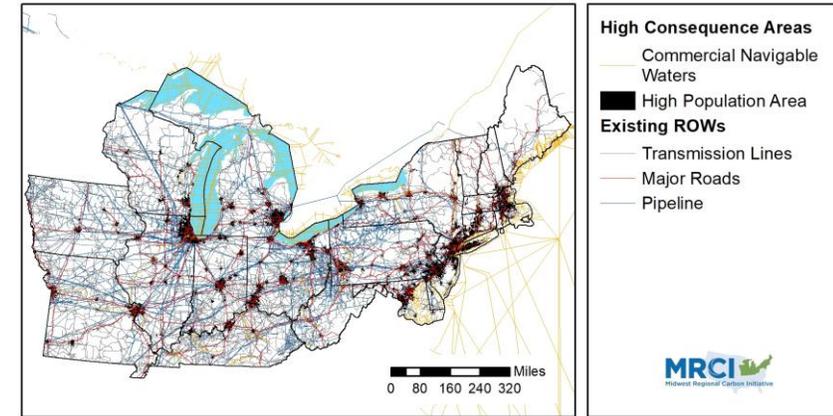
# Evaluating Regional Infrastructure Progress

Transport and storage infrastructure must consider more than sources and sinks

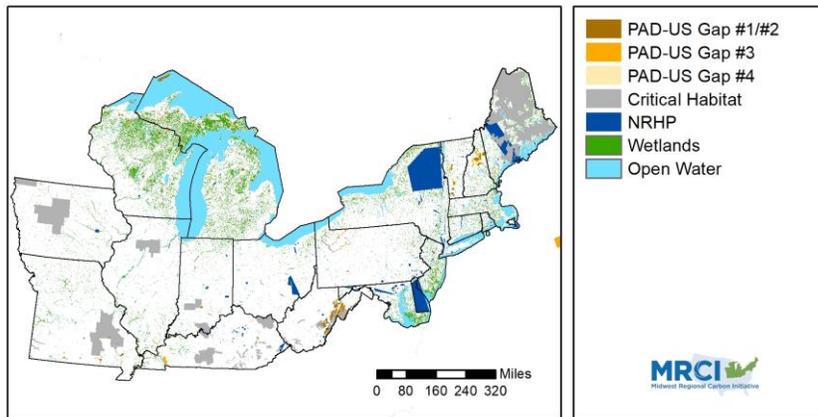
Land cover data = project feasibility



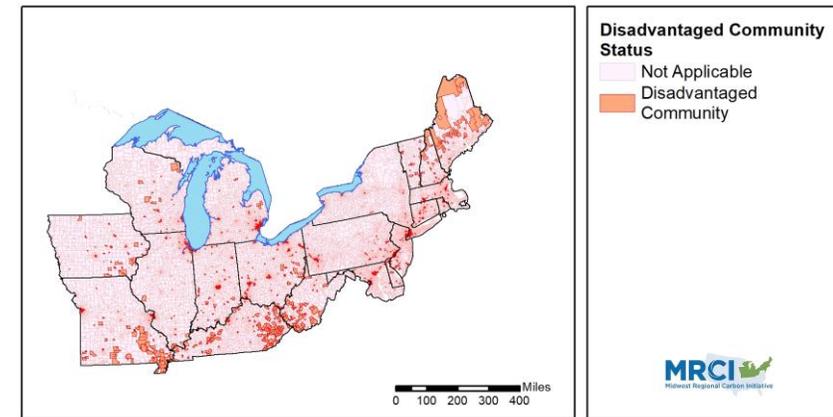
Existing infrastructure = obstacles or opportunities



Sensitive areas = potential project pitfalls

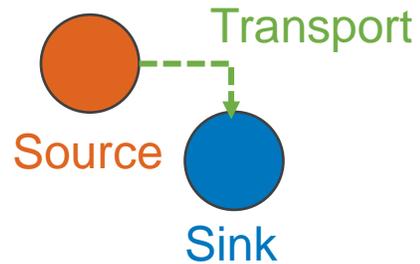


Environmental Justice = equity and project buy-in



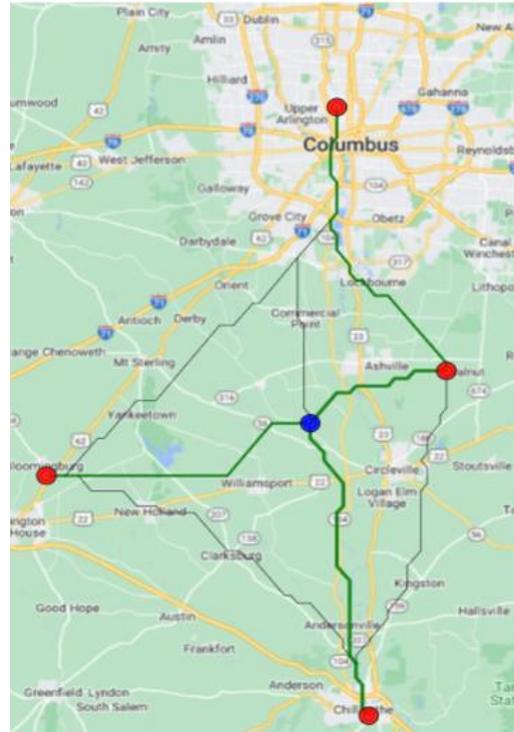
# Infrastructure development – Local

Differing scenarios lead to differences in pipeline routes even in smaller scale scenarios

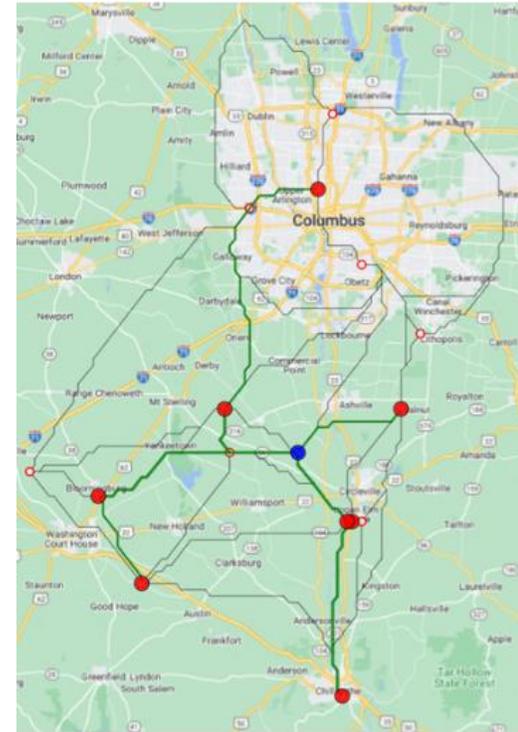


- Initial source assumptions are very important
- Selecting sources that are farther afield can improve economics

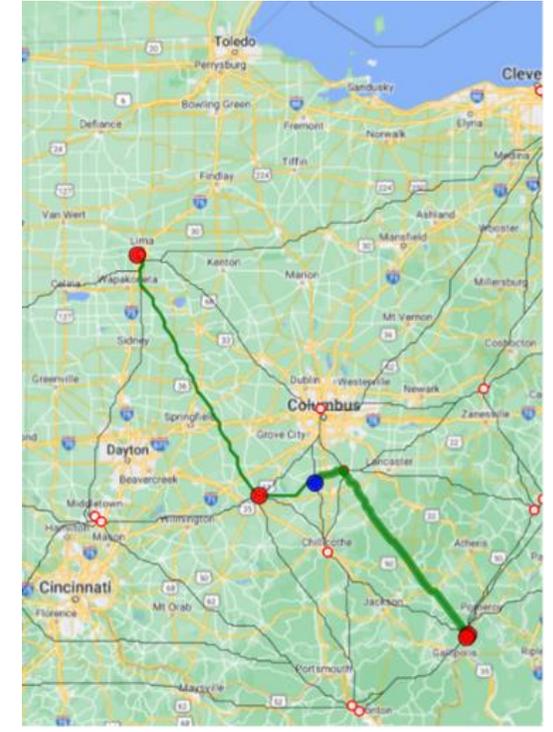
Local larger sources



Local, all sources

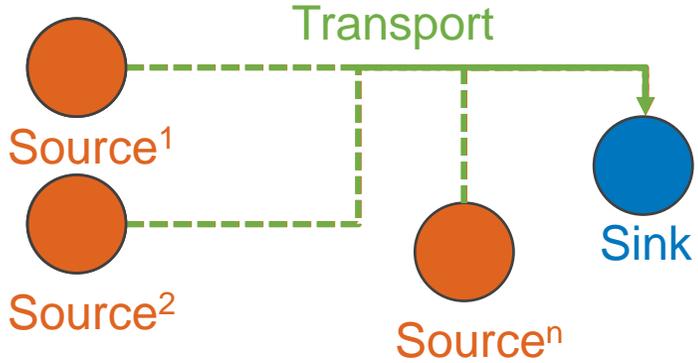


Subregional sources



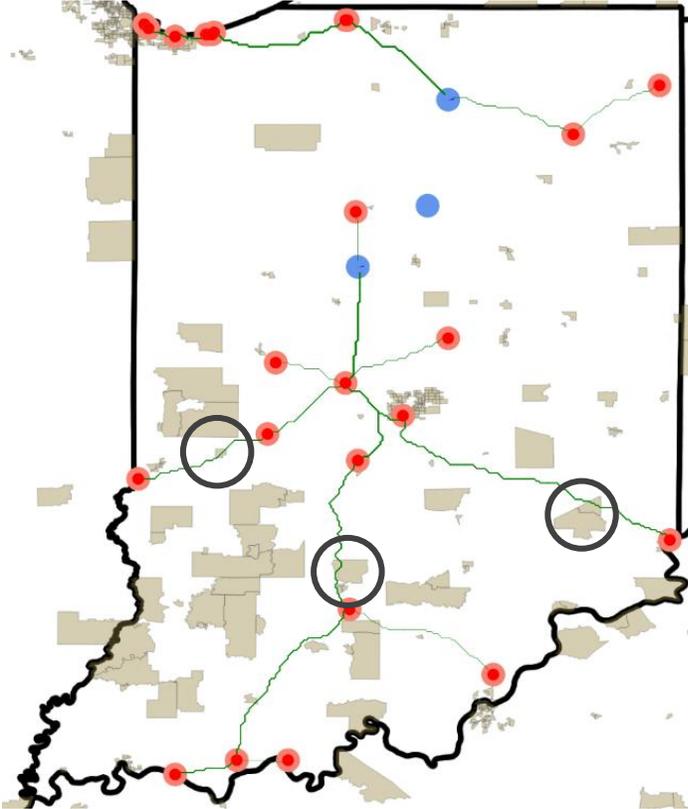
# Infrastructure development – Hub

Considering environmental justice may not significantly affect the regional-scale routing of pipelines.

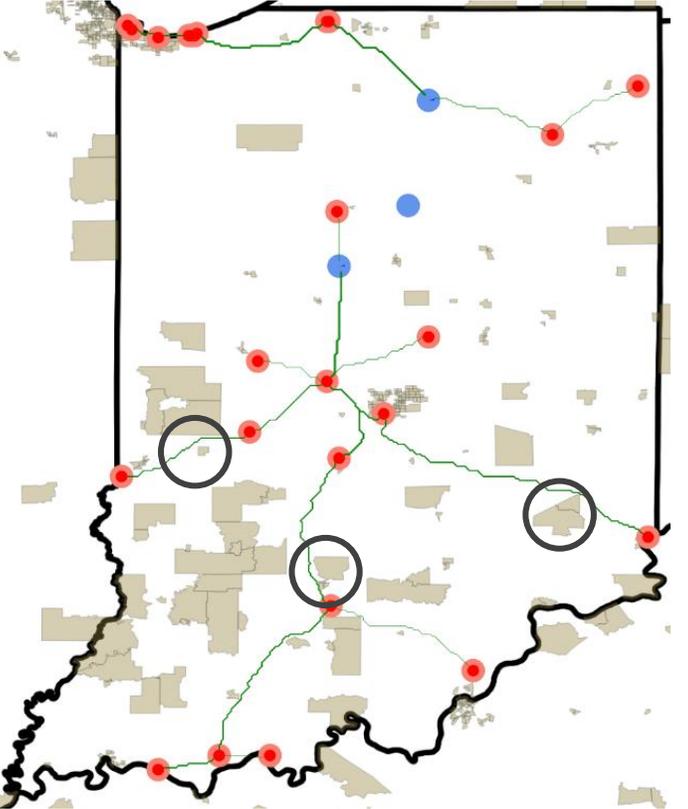


Addressing EJ issues is not only the right thing to do but does not significantly impact the complexity of the pipeline route.

EJ not considered

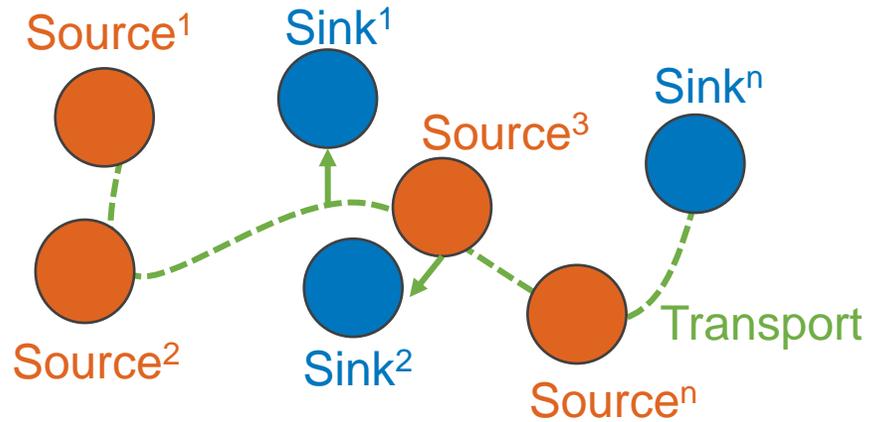


EJ considered



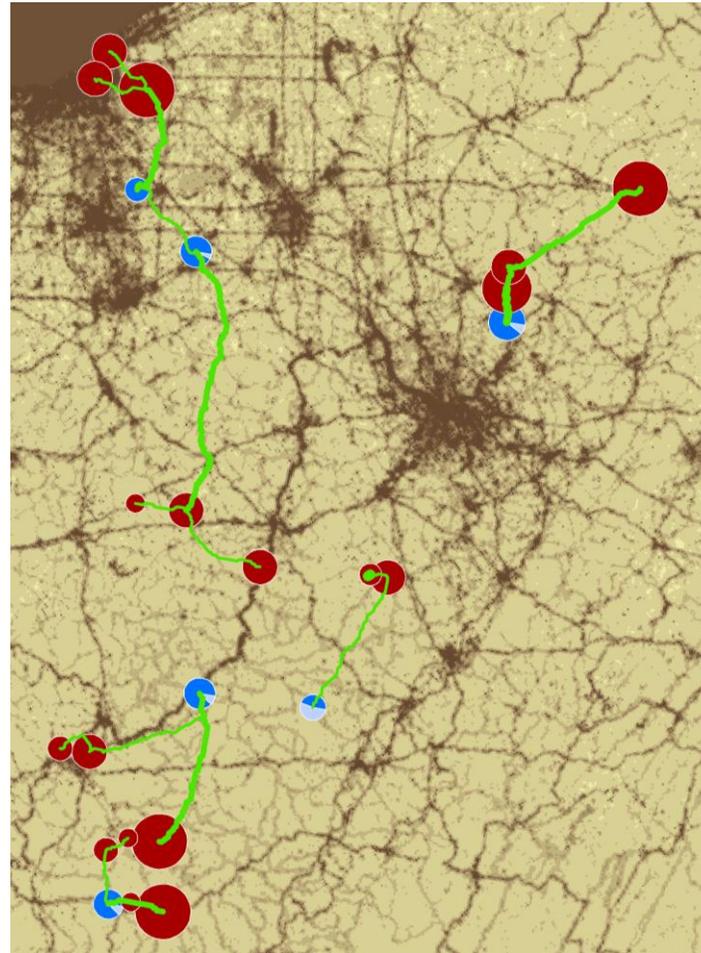
# Infrastructure development assessment

The number of viable potential sinks significantly affects the needed pipeline infrastructure

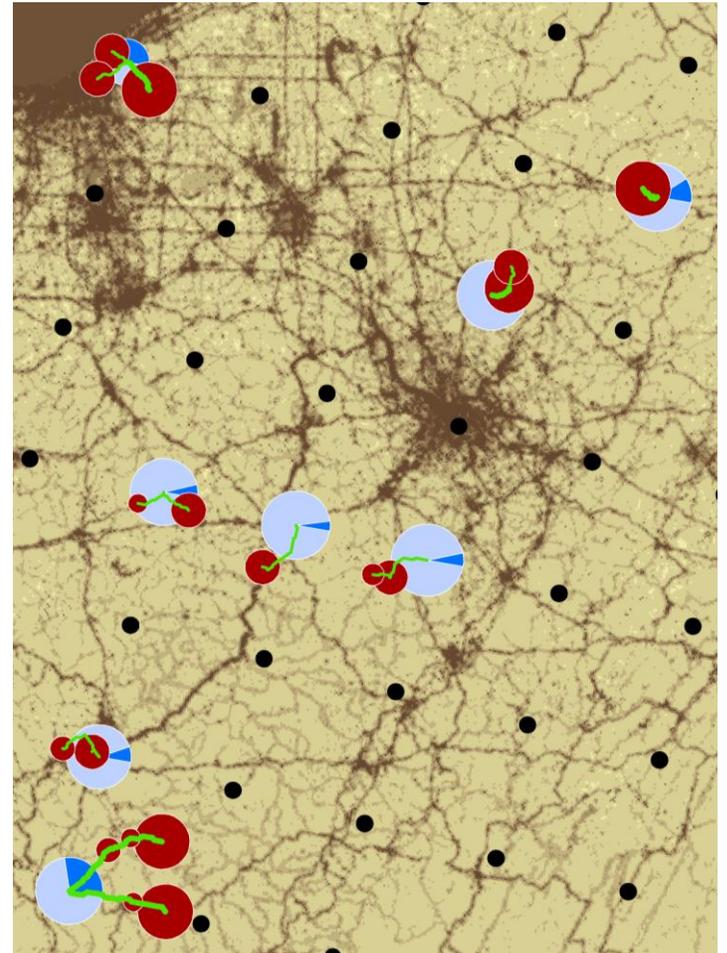


- The geology and source placement will dictate development
- Targeted potential sinks is likely more realistic

Targeted potential sinks



Potential sink grid



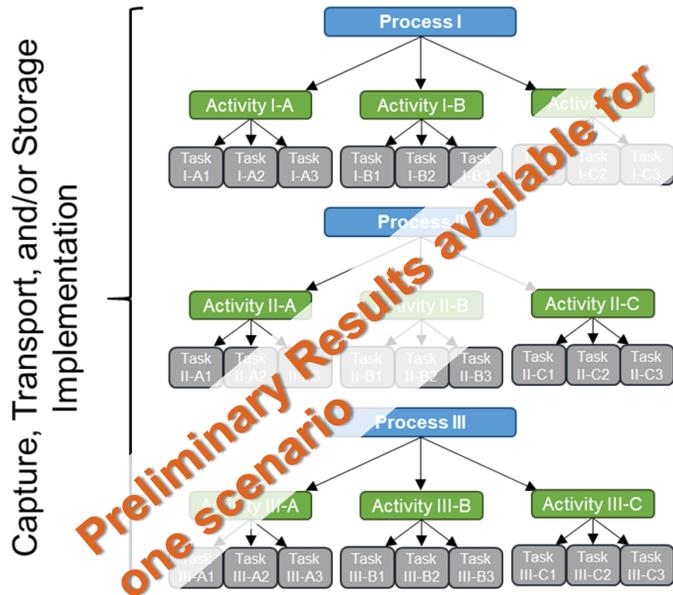
# Jobs and economic impacts

An important part of implementation is equitable sharing of benefits

## Jobs and Economic Impact

## Social Characteristics

## Workforce Development



2020 Census results

United States Environmental Protection Agency

**EJScreen**

**Data available for entire MRCI study area. Ready for use when scenarios are completed.**

Quarterly Workforce Indicators

National Center for Education Statistics

CLASSIFICATION OF INSTRUCTIONAL PROGRAMS

**Identifying workforce needs and education/experience requirements. Identifying relevant institutions.**

Data, Information, and methodologies presented here have been applied to DOE proposal applications and commercially-funded work.

# Emerging Issues: Blue Hydrogen, Bioenergy with CCS (BECCS), and direct air capture (DAC)

DAC

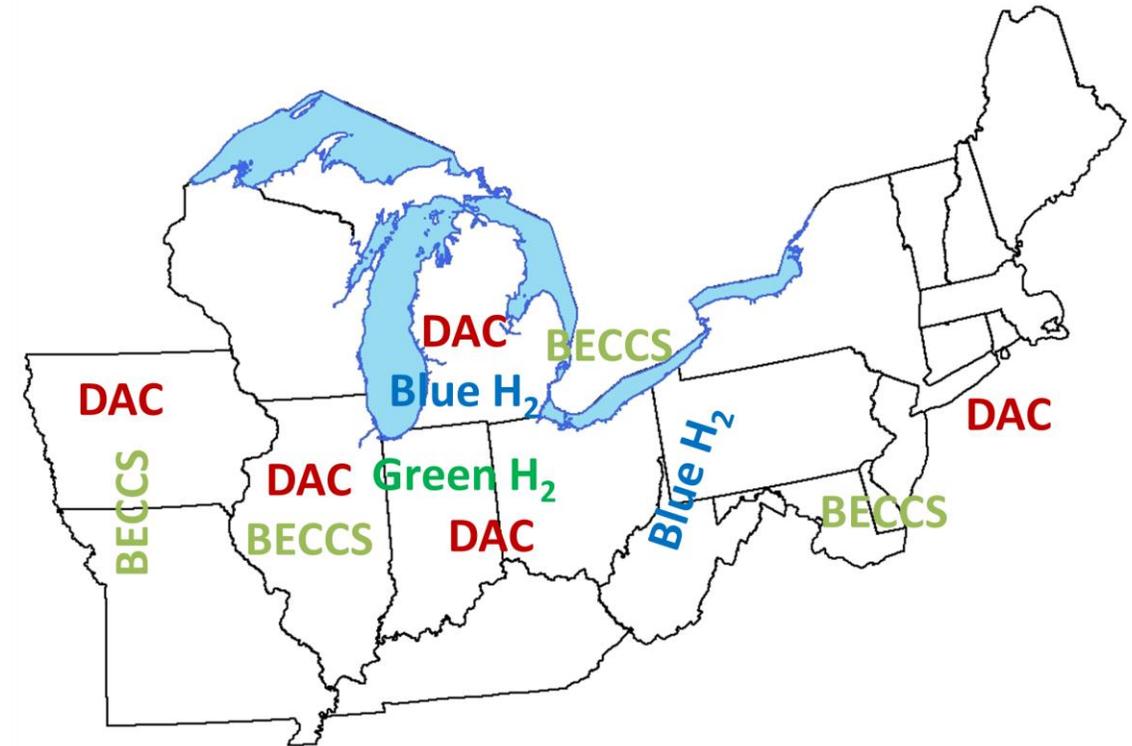
- Heat
- Low-carbon power
- Land
- Storage

H<sub>2</sub>

- Blue to green H<sub>2</sub>
- Natural gas feedstock
- Demand for H<sub>2</sub>
- Storage

BECCS

- Availability of Biomass
- Energy crops
- Land use considerations



The project team has put together a preliminary summary of where each emerging technology would be most effective in the MRCI study area.

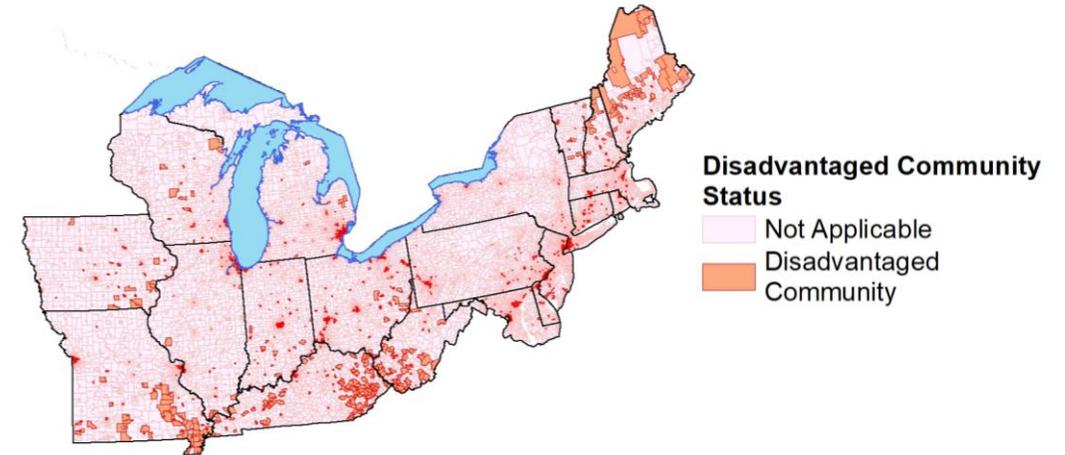
# Emerging Issues: Security and Environmental Justice

**Security.** Infrastructure security is important for CCS because of digital and physical proximity and interconnections to critical infrastructure.

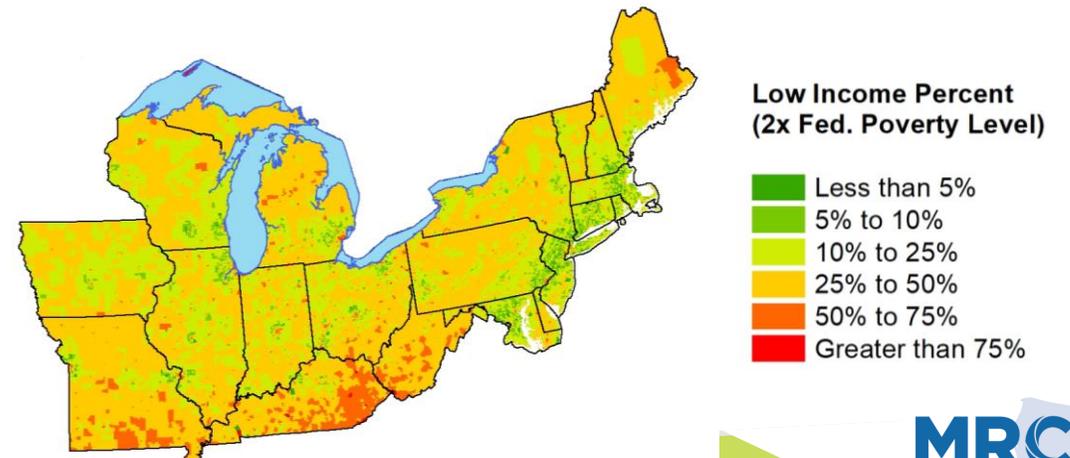
**Environmental Justice.** Equitable development be accomplished through a review of Environmental Justice.

## Disadvantaged Communities

CCS Project Component	Potential issues for interconnections
Capture	Sector/subsector of source Physical and digital design of source Physical and digital design of the capture system Connection to transport or storage system The amount of automation for the capture system
Transport	Physical and digital design of the pipeline including the SCADA system The existing pipeline ROWs Connection to transport or storage system The amount of automation for the pipeline
Storage	Physical and digital design of the storage system Amount of automation for the storage project



## Demographics and Existing Burdens



# Big picture assessment of infrastructure

- Large scale infrastructure development needed
- Unique opportunity to provide jobs in emerging industries
- Meaningful engagement with communities required
- Community dynamics, regulations, and policy must align

# Task 4 – Summary of Accomplishments

- Initial results of three of seven development scenarios
- Preliminary assessment of the emerging issues
- Preliminary results of jobs and economic impacts
- Processes developed for stakeholder characterization, business case analysis, and workforce development (ongoing)
- Development of mapping and evaluation tools to address sensitive areas and environmental justice
- Development of Site Readiness Factsheets
- State policy database

# Next steps for the Infrastructure Assessment

- Complete the three initial and the four additional development scenarios, including Mid-Atlantic Offshore
- Use results from these scenarios to investigate additional questions:
  - What are the jobs and economic revitalization prospects of these scenarios?
  - How do emerging technologies and issues fit into these scenarios?
  - What are the business cases for each of these scenarios?
  - What policy is needed for CCS implementation?
  - Environmental Justice: What are the benefits/disbenefits of CCS implementation? How can disadvantaged communities be included in decision making and equitable sharing of benefits? What are the community priorities?
- Work with the other tasks and Initiatives to ensure coordinated efforts.

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**Midwest Regional Carbon Initiative**